TO:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

Waiver of Service of Summons Steven Wernikoff, attorney for the Federal Trade Commission

	`	AME OF PLAINTIFF'S AT	TTORNEY OR UN	REPRESENTED PLAINTIF	
Ι,	CPATank, Inc.	DEFENDANT NAME)		, acknowled	dge receipt of your request
	(L	VEFENDANT NAME)	ETC O	DATE 1 I	1
that I wai	ive service of summon	s in the action of	FTC v. C.	PATank, Inc., et	al.
	ive service of summon	is in the action of		(CAPTION OF AC	CTION)
which is	which is case number 14-cv		239	in the Ur	nited States District Court
		(DOCKET NU	MBER)		
for the N	orthern District of Illi	nois.			
	ve also received a cop I can return the signe				s instrument, and a means
by not re					ne complaint in this lawsuit ith judicial process in the
	on or venue of the cou				ons to the lawsuit or to the ummons or in the service
I und	derstand that a judgme	ent may be entered	l against me	(or the party on wh	nose behalf I am acting) if
an answe	r or motion under Rule	e 12 is not served	upon you wi	thin 60 days after	February 19, 2014,
or within	90 days after that dat	e if the request wa	as sent outsid	de the United State	
	2/24/14	-	-	PUPER	5
	(DATE)			(SIGNATURE)	<u>,</u>
	Printed/Typed Na	me:		Vito Glazers	
As	President	of	CPATan		
	(TITLE)			(CORPORATE DE	FENDANT)

Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain parties to cooperate in saving unnecessary costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant located in the United States who, after being notified of an action and asked by a plaintiff located in the United States to waive service of summons, fails to do so will be required to bear the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for its failure to sign and return the waiver.

It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded, or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or over its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against that defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons had been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.